

MASTER COURSE OUTLINE Prepared By:

Date: Sep 2017

COURSE TITLE Intro Organic/Biochem

GENERAL COURSE INFORMATION

Dept.: CHEM&Course Num: 131CIP Code: 40.0501Intent Code: 11Credits: 5Total Contact Hrs Per Qtr.: 71.5Lecture Hrs: 38.5Lab Hrs: 33Distribution Designation: Lab Science LS

(Formerly:) Program Code: N/A

Other Hrs: 0

COURSE DESCRIPTION (as it will appear in the catalog)

This course is designed for Allied Health transfer students and for students wanting an introductory organic chemistry course in preparation for a complete organic chemistry sequence at a baccalaureate institution. Topics include an introduction to alkanes, alkenes and alkynes, an exploration of common functional groups, and organic nomenclature. The course also explores the relationship of organic compounds such as carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, and enzymes with the human body. CHEM& 131 includes 25-30 hours of laboratory. Laboratory exercises are designed to reinforce classroom learning as well as providing hands on experience with chemical reactions.

PREREQUISITES

A grade of 2.0 or above in CHEM& 121 or instructor's permission.

TEXTBOOK GUIDELINES

A current Organic/Biochemistry text with an allied health focus. A good example would be *Organic and Biochemistry for Today* by Seager and Slaubaugh. The text used must have departmental approval.

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to demonstrate the following knowledge or skills:

- 1. Name organic compounds from a structural formula according to standard rules of organic nomenclature.
- 2. Predict reaction products of some standard organic reactions.
- 3. Distinguish between aromatic and non-aromatic compounds.
- 4. Recognize the major functional groups in organic compounds and identify characteristic reactions and physical properties associated with those functional groups.
- 5. Explain the function of enzymes in biological systems with emphasis on human biochemistry.
- 6. Describe human metabolism of carbohydrates, lipids and proteins.

INSTITUTIONAL OUTCOMES

None

COURSE CONTENT OUTLINE

- ORGANIC COMPOUNDS: ALKANES

 Carbon: The Element of Organic Compounds
 Bonding and Isomers
 Functional groups: the organization of organic chemistry
 Alkane structures and confirmations
 Alkane nomenclature
 Physical properties of alkanes
 Reactions of alkanes
- UNSATURATED HYDROCARBONS Nomenclature of alkenes Geometry of alkenes Properties of alkenes Additions polymers Alkynes Aromatic compounds and the benzene structure Nomenclature of benzene derivatives Properties of aromatic compounds
 ALCOHOLS, PHENOLS, AND ETHERS
- Nomenclature of alcohols and phenols Classification Physical properties of alcohols Reactions of alcohols Important alcohols Characteristics and uses of phenols Properties of ethers Thiols Polyfunctional compounds
- ALDEHYDES AND KETONES Nomenclature of aldehydes and ketones Physical properties of aldehydes and ketones Chemical properties of aldehydes and ketones Important aldehydes and ketones
- CARBOXYLIC ACIDS AND ESTERS Nomenclature of carboxylic acids Physical properties of carboxylic acids The acidity of carboxylic acids Salts and esters of carboxylic acids Nomenclature of esters Reactions of esters Esters of inorganic acids
- AMINES AND AMIDES Classification of amines Nomenclature of amines Physical properties of amines Chemical properties of amines Amines as neurotransmitters Biologically important amines Nomenclatures of amides

Physical properties of amides Chemical properties of amides

CARBOHYDRATES

 Classes of carbohydrates
 Stereochemistry of carbohydrates
 Fischer projections
 Monosaccharides
 Properties of monosaccharides
 Important monosaccharides
 Disaccharides
 Polysaccharides

8. LIPIDS

Classification of lipids Fatty acids Structure of fats and oils Chemical properties of fats and oils Waxes Phosphoglycerides Sphingolipids Biological membranes Steroids Steroid Hormones Prostaglandins

9. PROTEINS

The amino acids Zwitterions Reactions of amino acids Important peptides Characteristics of proteins Primary structure of proteins Secondary structure of proteins Tertiary structure of proteins Quaternary structure of proteins Protein hydrolysis and denaturation

10. ENZYMES

General Characteristics of enzymes
Enzyme nomenclature and classification
Enzyme cofactors
Mechanism of enzyme actions
Enzyme activity
Factors affecting enzyme activity
Enzyme inhibition
Regulation of enzyme activity
Medical application of enzymes
11. CARBOHYDRATE METABOLISM
Digestion of carbohydrates
Blood glucose

Glycolysis

Fates of pyruvate

The citric acid cycle The electron transport chain Oxidative phosphorylation The complete oxidation of glucose Glycogen metabolism Gluconeogenesis Hormonal control of carbohydrate metabolism 12. LIPID AND AMINO ACID METABOLISM **Blood** lipids Fat mobilization Glycerol metabolism Oxidation of fatty acids **Ketone bodies** Fatty acid synthesis Amino acid metabolism Amino acid catabolism: The fate of the nitrogen atoms Amino acid biosynthesis

DEPARTMENTAL GUIDELINES (optional)

Evaluation will be accomplished by a combination of graded homework, examination, quizzes and laboratory performance and write up.

The final grade will be based on a percentage of the total points possible:

A typical breakdown of the points is: Three unit exams comprise approximately 50% of the total score, the final exam approximately 25%, laboratories approximately 15%, quizzes and homework provide the balance of the points.

PO5 should be assessed: Students will be able to solve problems by gathering, interpreting, combining and/or applying information from multiple sources.

DIVISION CHAIR APPROVAL

DATE